## EXHIBIT 1

# OF MOTION TO ENTER CONSENT DECREE AND RESPONSE TO COMMENTS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA v. BEAZER EAST, INC., Civil Action No. 1:13cv29-SPM-GRJ

#### Names of Commenters - Beazer Decree

- (1) Alachua County Commissioners 03/12/13
- (2) Kyle Alford March 15, 2013
- (3) Deidre Bryan 03/04/13
- (4) Florence Capone 03/13/13
- (5) City of Gainesville 03/12/13
- (6) Patricia Cline Technical Advisor for protectgainesville.org March 15, 2013
- (7) Curtis Cooper 03-15/13
- (8) Monica Cooper 03/07/13
- (9) John Davies Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (10) James Davies 03/21/13
- (11) Mick Drake- 03/08/13
- (12) Kate Ellison Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (13) Susan Fairforest 03/05/13
- (14) Sarah Fitzpatrick Public Meeting 02/27/13 Robert Hallman 03/02/13
- (15) Roy Hale Geiersbach 03/15/13
- (16) Ky Gress Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (17) Anne Haisley 02/24/13
- (18) Scott Hargrave 03/09/13
- (19) Gina Hawkins Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (20) Gabriel Hillel Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (21) Ronald Hodill (Comment Card received 02/27/13);
- (22) David Kanzler 03/15/13
- (23) Sandra Watts Kennedy Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (24) W.E. Mack McKitchen Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (25) Julia Kress 03/01/13;

- (26) Mary Leadon March 15, 2013
- (27) Clemmie Middleton Public Meeting 02/27/13-
- (28) Martha Miller Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (29) Farinda O'Steen 05/03/13
- (30) Corinda O'Steen Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (31) K. Walston Pagan 03-15-13
- (32) George Papadi Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (33) Bob Palmer 03/03/13 Curtis Cooper 03-15/13
- (34) Maria Parsons Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (35) Robert Pearce Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (36) Kim Popejoy 2/28/13
- (37) Joe Pragner Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (38) Gary Quinloven Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (39) Karen Scott 02/27/13
- (40) Sharon Sheets Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (41) Mark Venske Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (42) Natalie Williams 03/14/13
- (43) Windy Wood 03/15/13.
- (44) Amy Schwarzer Public Meeting 02/27/13
- (45) Brian Stanton Public Meeting 02/27/13

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6	C	onsent Decree Publ	ic Meeting
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9			
10	DATE:	Wednesday, Febru	ary 27, 2013
11	TIME:	6:08 p.m.	
12	PLACE:	Stephen Foster E	
13		3800 Northwest 6 Gainesville, Flo	
14			
15	REPORTER:	Julia E. Griffin Notary Public, S	tate of
16		Florida at Large	
17	APPEARANCES:		
18	CAROLINE PHIL	SON, ESQUIRE C	HERYL L. SMOUT, ESQUIRE
19	U.S. EPA	W	.S. Dept. of Justice ashington, D.C.
20	61 Forsyth St: Atlanta, GA 3		
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			

1	THEREUPON, the following meeting was had:
2	MS. PHILSON: Hi, if you'll could come on in,
3	we want to get started. We want to be mindful of
4	your time this evening. And just to get started,
5	if you could remember to silence your phones at
6	this point, that would be lovely.
7	My name is Caroline Philson, and I am the
8	associate regional counsel for U.S. EPA, which
9	means I'm the site attorney for this site. I don't
10	spend a lot time talking into a mike. I'm not going
11	to be spending a lot of time talking into the mike
12	tonight. So if there is some problem with you
13	being able to hear me, you know, please just shout
14	or raise your hand. You can't hear me? Is that
15	better?
16	AUDIENCE MEMBER: That's better, and speak a
17	little bit more slowly.
18	MS. PHILSON: My name is Caroline Philson,
19	and I'm the site attorney for the United States
20	Environmental Protection Agency. And I am pleased
21	to see that you all came out tonight. We expect,
22	you know we know people are just getting off
23	work, people will be coming in through the meeting.
24	But I wanted to go ahead and get started as close
25	to time as possible, especially because we have a

1	court reporter here for two hours. We want to
2	utilize her time to the best of our ability.
3	But this meeting is because, as you all know,
4	residents, neighbors, local folks interested in
5	what's going on here, the Kopper Superfund site has
6	a long history, which I won't go through all of
7	here. But we are now moving forward with the
8	litigation end of things. And we have a consent
9	decree which we have lodged before a local judge.
10	And by law, the Department of Justice, when they
11	lodge a consent decree opens a public comment
12	period by putting up a notice in the Federal
13	Register.
14	Well, the EPA has worked, again, in this
15	community for many years now. We wanted to be sure
16	we gave you the opportunity to also make a comment
16 17	we gave you the opportunity to also make a comment on the record. Now, understand that's not one or
17	on the record. Now, understand that's not one or
17 18	on the record. Now, understand that's not one or the other. But some people prefer not to write,
17 18 19	on the record. Now, understand that's not one or the other. But some people prefer not to write, don't email, want to make a comment on the record
17 18 19 20	on the record. Now, understand that's not one or the other. But some people prefer not to write, don't email, want to make a comment on the record that will be recorded and sent to the judge along
17 18 19 20 21	on the record. Now, understand that's not one or the other. But some people prefer not to write, don't email, want to make a comment on the record that will be recorded and sent to the judge along with the Department of Justice and EPA's combined
17 18 19 20 21 22	on the record. Now, understand that's not one or the other. But some people prefer not to write, don't email, want to make a comment on the record that will be recorded and sent to the judge along with the Department of Justice and EPA's combined responses. We wanted to give you the opportunity

1	So to that end, I have a couple of
2	introductions. But I wanted to tell you the
3	University of Florida has a TV crew that they've
4	sent down here, as well as attorney Paul Rothstein
5	has a videorecorder that he's commissioned for this
6	meeting. Obviously, if you come to the mike, your
7	comments are going to be recorded on the public
8	record.
9	We have a stenographer, Julia, right up here,
10	she may ask you to state your name or restate your
11	name or speak more clearly. If you choose to not
12	be on camera, that is fine. We just ask you to
13	come in line and stand beside the camera and one of
14	us will walk the mike over to you and the
15	University of Florida folks won't record you if
16	you're also standing just off the camera range.
17	So let me introduce to you a couple of my
18	colleagues. First of all, this is Cheryl Smout
19	from the United States Department of Justice. The
20	Department of Justice is the Nation's litigators.
21	Anytime we are in a court of law, anytime we are
22	pleading, making claim in front of a judge, the
23	Department of Justice is there. So they were our
24	partners in negotiating this matter.
25	My colleague, L'Tonya Spencer, who you may

1	have seen before. She's the community involvement
2	coordinator, so for the community involvement plan,
3	for door-to-door doing things with neighbors,
4	getting consents to access people's properties.
5	She's been down here before, you may recognize her.
6	My colleague, Scott Miller, who is the
7	technical expert on the site. He's the site's
8	remedial project manager. So I may from time to
9	time hand the mike to them for them to answer
10	something that's a technical point or a community
11	involvement point, obviously Sharon the legal
12	points.
13	Again, this meeting is not for us to talk,
14	this meeting is for you to talk and make your
15	comments. So Cheryl and I will be here to the
16	extent that you have any questions about the
17	consent decree process in general or something
18	specific in this consent decree or what's
19	happening. We really want to give everyone three
20	to four minutes so they can use you can use your
21	time to tell us what you're thinking about the
22	consent decree.
23	Again, the consent decree can be found
24	online, you can find it on the Alachua County
25	Public library on University. We can send you a

1	copy if necessary, although there is a
2	transcription price for that. You can get it
3	online and read it or print it out free at home.
4	If you could limit your comments to three to
5	four minutes. Again, we expect more people to
6	come. If you make your comment, want to make
7	another comment, just get in the back of the line.
8	We'll flag you when your time is up. We just want
9	to give everybody an opportunity to make a comment.
10	And with that oh, please state your name when
11	you first make your comment.
12	And with that, unless you have any general
13	questions oh, sorry, last thing, my colleague is
14	reminding me. We have note cards. Again, this is
15	not your only opportunity to make a public comment.
16	We just wanted you, again, to the have the
17	opportunity to make a comment on the record without
18	writing. You can email it in, you can write it
19	snail mail. But we'll also hand out note cards and
20	make sure that these notes cards if you write
21	your question here, you never have to speak a word,
22	you don't have to be on camera, you don't have to
23	be audio recorded.
24	But we'll take these cards, make sure our
25	colleague, Cheryl, gets them and takes them to the

Page 7

Department of Justice and they will be considered 1 2 with the package when we submit it to the judge for 3 entry of the consent decree. MS. SPENCER: Say raise your hand if you need 4 5 a card. 6 MS. PHILSON: Yes. If you need a card at any 7 point, just raise your hand and L'Tonya will come 8 bring you one. Anything else? 9 AUDIENCE MEMBER: Will there be a repository 10 for the answers to the questions? 11 MS. PHILSON: The repository -- the answers 12 will all be contained in the pleading that we 13 submit to the judge. So -- that's actually a great 14 question because we won't be responding individually, you know, dear Susan, thank you so 15 16 much for your letter. But we tend to bulk -- if they're similar comments, then we bulk them 17 18 together. 19 But we make sure that -- because the judge 20 has the option of accepting or rejecting a consent 21 decree. But what they're often interested in is 22 seeing the community's response, the community's 23 concern. A consent decree has a couple of people 24 at the table, those are the parties involved. 25 this point, Beazer East or Beazer who is the

1	responsible party or potentially responsible party,
2	we call them PRP.
3	The EPA, who is charged by Congress and by
4	statute with enforcing our enviromental laws, and,
5	again, the Department of Justice because they are
6	the Nation's litigators when we're going to court,
7	they're involved, too. Because those three parties
8	are the only ones at the table actually negotiating
9	the comments, the nuts and bolts of the consent
10	decree, even though the consent decree is a legal
11	document that enforces the rod, and we had lots of
12	public comments and the same opportunity to do this
13	during the rod process, we also want to make sure
14	that during the consent decree process once the
15	parties have finished negotiating it that the
16	community's concerns are heard as well. So that's
17	precisely why we're here.
18	And the public comment period is open until
19	the 15th of March. Again, tonight, speaking into
20	the mike, this is not your only or last opportunity
21	to get your comments in. And if your comments are
22	in and we're not going to cut it off at midnight
23	on the 15th. If it's postmarked by the 15th, we're
24	still going to take it, that's fine. You can email
25	as well. We want to be sure that we gave you the

1	opportunity tonight to be here and make your
2	comment on the record if you choose not to send it
3	in by any other method. Does that answer your
4	question, ma'am? Okay.
5	Any other general questions? Because if not,
6	I see someone who wants to make a comment. Yes,
7	Kim?
8	KIM POPEJOY: What's the email address?
9	MS. SMOUT: For the email address for
10	asking for making comments or okay. The email
11	for making a comment, the email address, I will
12	look it up for you. Just a minute because it's
13	do you guys have the Federal Register notice?
14	Because I have copies of those and it's in that.
15	And I don't have it memorized, so let me just look
16	it up for you.
17	MS. PHILSON: Okay. We already have a
18	comment, so, again, we're going to try and stick to
19	three to four minutes per comment. If you have
20	another comment, just get in the back of the line.
21	Thanks, ya'll.
22	GARY QUINLOVEN: My name is Gary Quinloven,
23	(sic.) I live in the Stephen Foster area here. And
24	I received this notice, which I received this
25	notice which I'm sure many of you had. And the

1	notice is in error because the although the
2	period for public comment has been open now for 14
3	days, I have not been able to either examine or
4	download either the consent decree or any of the
5	appendices except for Appendix B.
6	Now, how can I make any kind of a public
7	comment when I can't see the information that is
8	available? Whoever wrote this note copied the
9	website from the Federal Register, as you
10	mentioned, Volume 78, Issue 30, February 13th,
11	2013. And this leads to an error page that says,
12	we are sorry, but we are unable to locate the page
13	you requested on the Department of Education
14	Department of Justice website.
15	So I did further research, actually, for an
16	hour on the Department of Justice website. And I
17	did an advanced search and I turned up a consent
18	decree without any civil action number at all,
19	which has it's open to it's dated it's not
20	really dated, but the last person to sign it was
21	February 1st, 2013. It is 112 pages, it is not the
22	same decree as it says here. It says per page,
23	it's 115 pages. So there is something going wrong
24	with that information and it hasn't been corrected.
25	And I also found another consent called

1	consent decree document that is only 12 pages long
2	and that's a complaint, actually, it's not a
3	consent decree at all. It's a complaint listed
4	under consent decree.
5	I would like to have an explanation of what
6	is going wrong and why can't we access these
7	documents. Because I think it makes absolutely no
8	sense if we talk about documents that we cannot
9	even see. Thank you.
10	MS. SMOUT: Hi, Cheryl Smout. We had issued
11	a Federal Register notice. And in the notice, we
12	provide a website address which at least one person
13	has been able to successfully access because I got
14	their comment today. And I apologize for your
15	frustration and I really wish that we could have
16	found out about it earlier. I will be happy to
17	give you a copy of the Federal Register note if
18	you'd like it. I have a copy here. I also have
19	GARY QUINLOVEN: (inaudible) I can't access
20	the Federal Register notice. I don't need a copy,
21	I've accessed that.
22	MS. SMOUT: So you've gotten on that
23	website
24	GARY QUINLOVEN: (inaudible) Federal
25	Register notice. I got an error.

	1	MS. SMOUT: I'm not sure what he just said.
	2	Anyway, I apologize that you had problems accessing
	3	the site. I really appreciate it if all of you who
	4	had problems accessing these documents would please
	5	at some point before you leave tonight please come
	6	forward, please give me your either email, if you
	7	don't have email, please give me your addresses and
	8	I will, you know, make sure that I'll put a copy in
	9	the mail to you, definitely of the entire consent
	10	decree.
	11	The attachments are extremely voluminous and
	12	would be very hard to would be very hard to send
-	13	to you. The amended record of decision is over 800
	14	pages long, which is why I had sent five compact
	15	disks of the entire filing to your Alachua Public
-	16	Library where all of it's located and available for
:	17	you as well. But if you don't want to go to the
	18	library, if you could please come forward at some
	19	point tonight and please give me your name. If you
	20	have an email, give me your email and I will email
-	21	you the documents. If you don't have an email, if
1	22	you could please give me your address and I will
	23	send you the consent decree.
	24	Also, if no one if you don't have the
	25	Federal Register notice, I will also give that to

- 1 you. I -- people have had success getting on it.
- I got on it myself, so I'm not sure why you're
- 3 having problems. I apologize for that. But just
- 4 for the record, the website -- so has anyone else
- 5 had problems accessing this website? You have?
- 6 Okay.
- 7 AUDIENCE MEMBER: I have not ever received
- 8 anything at all.
- 9 MS. SMOUT: Okay. So you're not on the
- 10 mailing list, is that the issue?
- AUDIENCE MEMBER: I'm supposing.
- MS. SMOUT: We'll definitely direct that to
- 13 L'Tonya to make sure you get on the list. Yes?
- 14 AUDIENCE MEMBER: May I make a suggestion?
- MS. SMOUT: Sure.
- 16 AUDIENCE MEMBER: Something like Dropbox
- 17 where you could have a link and you could store the
- 18 files because it might go into spam or people --
- 19 you know, so also you could send people a link and
- 20 they could just download it.
- 21 MS. SMOUT: That's what this link is. I was
- 22 about to tell you what it is. And I can give you a
- 23 copy of the Federal Register notice. The website
- 24 link is H-T-T-P, it's colon forward slash forward
- 25 slash W-W-W dot U-S-D-O-J dot G-O-V --

1	AUDIENCE MEMBER: Slow down, please.
2	MS. SMOUT: Sure. H-T-T-P colon forward
3	slash, forward slash W-W-W dot U-S-D-O-J dot G-O-V
4	forward slash E-N-R-D. It's E as in egg, N as in
5	Nancy, R as in rod, D as in Dan, forward slash
6	consent. It's initial capital C, O-N-S-E-E-N-T,
7	and then a little underline to create a space, a
8	capital D, E-C-R-E-E-S dot H-T-M-L. So that's the
9	website.
10	And if somebody wants I have a couple
11	copies of the Federal Register notice here. If
12	you'd like to if you didn't understand what I
13	just said and you would like to come copy it down
14	or if you would like to give me your name and your
15	email, I can try to send it to you. Yes, sir?
16	GARY QUINLOVEN: That's exactly the website I
17	am talking about. It is an error. If you access
18	this website, you'll find we are sorry, but we are
19	unable to locate the page you requested on the
20	Department of Justice website.
21	MS. SMOUT: Okay. Did you try
22	GARY QUINLOVEN: This is the website directly
23	from the Federal Register. It's the same website.
24	MS. SMOUT: Okay. I don't know your
25	computer, I don't know what your access issues are.

1	All I know
2	GARY QUINLOVEN: (inaudible) for actually
3	30 years with computers. I'm not I didn't make
4	a mistake.
5	MS. SMOUT: Okay. My only options are either
6	to send you a copy, have you guys give me your
7	email and I will attempt to send it to you. I will
8	do everything I can to work with you, but I can
9	only tell you that I've gotten on the website and I
10	have received at least one comment that was posted
11	on the website. So I don't really know what else
12	to tell you other than to tell you that we are
13	available and we can try to get it to you. So if
14	you could please give us your email and your name,
15	then we can try to get that to you as soon as
16	possible. Thank you.
17	JOHN MOUSSA: (inaudible) I'm with Alachua
18	County Environment Protection Department, John
19	Moussa, the documents are linked on our website.
20	If you go to the Alachua County website, go to the
21	environmental protection department and follow
22	links to the Kopper site. We have links to the
23	documents. We have all the copies of them, but
24	there is a link to the DOJ site.
25	MS. SMOUT: Would you like to come down here

1	so we could put that on the record, maybe other
2	people could hear? That would be great, would you
3	mind? That would be great. Do you object to the
4	camera?
5	MR. ROTHSTEIN: This is Paul Rothstein, I
6	would just like to I'm an attorney in the class
7	action (inaudible) we think that any public
8	official be definitely recorded. That's just our
9	opinion.
10	MS. SMOUT: And you consider him a public
11	official? Okay. Can we take a comment while he's
12	doing that? Come on in. Is it okay if you're on
13	camera?
14	SARAH FITZPATRICK: Hi, I'm Sarah
15	Fitzpatrick. I live in the northeast part of
16	Gainesville, not in the Stephen Foster
17 .	neighborhood. And my question is will the Hampton
18	Heights area be included at all in any of the
19	consent decree, you know, provisions. I'm looking
20	for something like soil testing for my yard. I'm
21	looking for maybe dust testing for my house. I'm
22	concerned about my little kids growing up and
23	playing in the yard, so this is a big concern for
24	me.
25	Also, my father lives along the creek near

Page 17

Tuble Meeting on 02/27/2015
23rd, and I wanted to make sure that the creeks are
being properly cared for. My kids like to look for
shark's teeth and things like that. I don't want
them playing in contaminated ground water and
ground. Thank you.
MS. PHILSON: Can you just tell me your cross
streets, an intersection near your home?
SARAH FITZPATRICK: I live on Northeast 7th
Street between 16th and 23rd.
MS. PHILSON: Scott, based on your I'm
going to defer to Scott Miller on this one. I
don't know where that is.
MR. MILLER: In short, it's not going to be
included in the remediation. It's outside the area
where contamination
SARAH FITZPATRICK: Has it been tested?
MR. MILLER: Ms. Fitzpatrick, it's not going
to be included in the remediation. We've tested
from here down and done testing there and it's just
not the contamination is not found.
SARAH FITZPATRICK: I saw that testing was
done at 23rd up there, but I didn't see that it was
tested in the rest of the neighborhood. I don't
know if it's the map didn't include the sites. On

the map, it didn't look like anything in my area

25

had been tested.
MR. MILLER: Okay. So you're south of
Northwest 23rd?
SARAH FITZPATRICK: Right, 23rd between
16th 7th Street between 16th and 23rd.
MR. MILLER: Okay. There has been testing
down in that direction. I believe you're the
State standards were met at distance, but not that
far south. And Dr. Moussa may be able to weigh in
on that as well.
SARAH FITZPATRICK: If we wanted to do our
own testing, can you recommend people that we can
have to come in and do that, please?
AUDIENCE MEMBER: Can you get in the
microphone?
SARAH FITZPATRICK: I asked if we wanted to
have our own people come in to do the testing if
the Government didn't want to if you had anybody
you could recommend just so that, you know, we feel
safe growing vegetable and things like that in our
yards.
MR. MILLER: We don't have a recommendation
for who to hire, but there are commercial firms in
town that can do that testing for you.
SARAH FITZPATRICK: Thank you.

1	MR. MILLER: Yes, ma'am.
2	MR. ROTHSTEIN: Paul Rothstein. I would just
3	like to note on the class action litigation, we are
4	inviting people for additional indoor dust testing
5	and for soil testing at no charge to them.
6	MS. PHILSON: Mr. Rothstein, actually, if I
7	could ask you if you have comment to come to the
8	mike. Because I don't I just don't think it's
9	fair to have a sidebar after every comment. If you
10	have a comment, please just come to the mike like
11	everyone else. Thank you.
12	JOHN MOUSSA: Yes, John Moussa from Alachua
13	County Environmental Protection Department. I
14	wanted to provide some assistance to the gentleman
15	that was having trouble accessing some documents.
16	We do have a link to the DOJ site at the Alachua
17	County web page, plus we have local copies of the
18	documents. There's links to those. So one of
19	those may work.
20	If folks are having trouble accessing these
21	links, please contact me at the Alachua County
22	Environmental Protection Department, 264-6805, and
23	we'll figure out what's going on. We'll contact
24	the EPA or make sure our links work. But there are
25	other ways to get the documents and we have them on

Page 20

1	our site.
2	MS. PHILSON: And just to follow up, John, if
3	I'm not mistaken, you got the link from me
4	originally, right? Because I know I've gone to the
5	link several times and I have also sent it out to
6	several people and I got the link from Cheryl. So,
7	again, I apologize. Has anyone else had problems?
8	Has anyone else tried to access the link and not
9	been able to?
10	AUDIENCE MEMBER: I was just trying to get on
11	your site and it's not, it does doesn't work.
12	JOHN MOUSSA: Something must have happened
13	because they
14	MS. PHILSON: John, they would like you to
15	repeat your phone number, please.
16	JOHN MOUSSA: Our phone number is 264-6805,
17	that's my direct number. So if you're having
18	trouble accessing that link, please let me know and
19	we'll doublecheck to make sure that link is
20	working. Like I said, we've downloaded a local
21	copy of some of those documents. So even if you
22	can't get them from the EPA's site directly, you
23	may be able, you know, to get a local link and get
1	

Dr. Klein, I know you're on

24

25

the same document.

MS. PHILSON:

Page 21

your iPad, did you say you were just able to access 1 2 it? 3 PAT KLEIN: I can access them all, they're all accessible. 4 5 AUDIENCE MEMBER: Even the Department of 6 Justice link? That's one that I can't --7 (inaudible) PAT KLEIN: At the Alachua County website all 8 of the links are -- (inaudible) 9 10 AUDIENCE MEMBER: They didn't get us the one 11 that -- (inaudible) 12 MS. PHILSON: Okay. I'm going to take the 13 next comment, ya'll. 14 GABRIEL HILLEL: My name Gabriel Hillel, I am 15 an attorney and have done a Public Records Act 16 requests and am raising an issue that some of you 17 may know about, but some of you may not. 18 EPA has, in the last eight months, distinguished, 19 in not only the relief they are going to provide, 20 but in the nature of the testing. 21 I'm reading next from the U.S. EPA Region IV 2.2 memo dated November 16th, 2012, from Kevin Simons 23 through Laura Akerman to Scott Miller. Attached 24 the final report for the Kopper sites sampling 25 event conducted on October 2nd, 2012. Reading next

1	on October 2nd, 2012
2	AUDIENCE MEMBER: Speak into the mike,
3	please.
4	GABRIEL HILLEL: Is that better? Thank you.
5	I appreciate that. On October 2nd, 2012,
6	representatives of the U.S. EPA Region IV Science
7	and Ecosystem Support Division conducted a soil
8	sampling investigation at the City of Gainesville's
9	municipal storage yard, MSY, and adjacent areas in
10	Gainesville, Florida. The investigation was
11	requested by Scott Miller, remedial project manager
12	Region IV Superfund division.
13	The key paragraph is the conclusion. The
14	results presented in this report will be used by
15	the RPM at City of Gainesville personnel to
16	determine if further action is necessary regarding
17	dioxin exposure to workers in the MSY. The results
18	from samples collected in the residential areas
19	will be compared to previous data and used by the
20	RPM to determine the next course of action, if any.
21	Over six months, the 75 or so workers in the
22	MSY were protected with masks. There were signs
23	that were put up around there. None of that is
24	offered to the basic neighborhood. I've got six
25	months' worth of correspondence, almost all of it

1	secret and kept from the public. The reason
2	someone has not latched onto it is the City
3	Commission was made familiar with what was going on
4	in one single communication.
5	There was six months' worth of communication
6	between attorneys and engineers favoring I don't
7	want to be insulting to MSY workers who are not at
8	fault but they were kept apprised minute to
9	minute, given a chance to wear masks that were
10	never offered in the neighborhood. That dioxin was
11	a dangerous carcinogen was not in dispute. The
12	amount in the soil was no greater at points than it
13	was in the neighborhood.
14	This distinction shows to me that the rest of
15	it that we're going to be talking about tonight is
16	like Plato's cave where we're going to talk to the
17	shadows. Because if you're favoring one group
18	because that's a group well protected by the City
19	Administration, and for 30 years the neighborhood
20	is going to stay that way, it seems to me the
21	discussion is moot. Thank you.
22	MS. PHILSON: Is the municipal storage yard
23	part of the site, Scott?
24	MR. MILLER: It was part of the site that was
25	sampled.

1	AUDIENCE MEMBER: Can we get that on the
2	speaker, please.
3	MR. MILLER: The municipal storage yard was
4	sampled by EPA in October as
5	GABRIEL HILLEL: It was sampled last spring.
6	MR. MILLER: I understand that. I was going
7	to your memo which you read related to the sampling
8	event there. As it relates to what the City of
9	Gainesville did with the information that was
10	provided, that would be something that you would
11	talk to them about. Okay.
12	MS. PHILSON: Yes, ma'am.
13	KY GRESS: My name is Ky Gress. (sic.) I
14	have lived in this neighborhood since 1994. I want
15	to speak to Springstead and Hogtown Creeks, about
16	Ring Park, about the water flow, about the number
17	of residents who take their children there to hunt
18	for shark's teeth, walk barefoot, do cleanup, and
19	the number of dogs that drink the water.
20	I've read the latest eco studies about the
21	levels of contamination, and they are above levels
22	that are known to impact, you know, animal life.
23	But it doesn't appear to be any further testing
24	required or cleanup of the creeks. And I would
25	like to know more about that, why that isn't so. I

1	would like to request that the EPA pay for a
2	professional eco tox study of impacts to wildlife
3	in the creek.
4	When I go there regularly with my children, I
5	rarely see any living creatures in that and I think
6	that needs to be investigated further. At a
7	minimum, I believe there needs to be signs there
8	warning parents not to allow their children to play
9	barefoot in the creek and spend time there, even
10	swimming. I've taken my children there swimming in
11	the past, like full immersion into the water, and
12	also letting their dogs play and drink the water
13	which they often do on a daily basis. So what is
14	the EPA's plan for further investigation or
15	remediation of the creeks?
16	MS. PHILSON: You can if the consent
17	decree the first attachment, the first appendix
18	is the rod, the 2011 amended record of decision.
19	That is an 800 page document. It actually does
20	specify what cleanup needs to happen in Springtown
21	and Hogtown Creeks, and the tar removal and
22	sediment removal that will occur there is specified
23	in that document.
24	KY GRESS: It seems to be very little
25	attention to the creek. There is really nothing

1	about doing a full study about the impact to
2	wildlife. That's a wildlife corridor.
3	MS. PHILSON: Yes, ma'am. I know that that
4	was studied as part of the focus feasibility study.
5	KY GRESS: What was actually studied yeah,
6	there was sampling done by EPD and it was found to
7	be that the levels were higher than the eco tox
8	values for protected you know, to wildlife,
9	birds, fish, snakes, turtles. And there was some
10	really very minor remediation, very minor. If you
11	go there and you dig and there are wildlife
12	biologists who live in the neighborhood who have
13	tested this. If you walk down there, you dig in
14	there, in that creek you're going to find deposits.
15	So what was done was really cosmetic.
16	Now, I understand it's a very complex
17	situation. I don't want to pretend like there
18	is even controversy do we want to bulldoze and
19	actually mobilize those contaminants. I'm not
20	saying that's the right answer either. But I think
21	there needs to be really a full scale dedication to
22	investigating the impacts because people are in
23	those creeks every single day. We take our kids
24	there and we're encouraged to do that by the City
25	and the County and there are no warning signs. And

- 1 I think at a minimum parents should be, you know,
- 2 at least told that the potential -- that the
- 3 contamination is even there and then they can make
- 4 an informed decision.
- 5 But it's a whitewash to pretend it's not an
- 6 issue or that sediments are just going to cover
- 7 that or it's going to be -- you know, eventually
- 8 it's going to flow away. I think we can take them
- 9 in a more informed and action oriented approach to
- 10 it. Let's at least do the study. What's the
- 11 impact? I mean, we really very rarely see anything
- 12 alive in that water.
- MS. PHILSON: Thank you. Again, I just want
- 14 to say there has been some soil re -- sorry, creek
- 15 remediation. But there will be more creek
- 16 remediation. Again, if you read the amended rod
- 17 from 2011, one of the things that it calls for is a
- 18 plan of action for how to complete a creek cleanup.
- 19 Next comment.
- W.E. MACK MCKITCHEN: I'm impressed with the
- 21 EPA and the people the come from the United States
- 22 Government in Atlanta. My name is W.E. Mack
- 23 McKitchen. I lived at the back gate of Koppers
- 24 starting in 1944 and I lived there until January of
- 25 1950. That was a -- the street out here was called

1	Alabama Street then.
2	What I would like to know is what should I be
3	concerned about? Am I subject to some sort of
4	infections or some sort of something from the
5	result of living there? Because I played in their
6	facilities. Back then they didn't have the gates
7	closed. I shortcutted through there on my bicycle
8	to go to school or motorcycle or whatever. So what
9	should I be concerned about?
10	MS. PHILSON: Well, I'll answer that question
11	to the extent I'm able. I'm a lawyer, not a human
12	health risk assessor. But I know that we do have a
13	human health risk assessor on staff at EPA who has
14	been evaluating things.
15	And, again, I can't speak to exposure you may
16	have had back in the forties and fifties. I know
17	they were using different compounds, different
18	chemicals, a different process at that time. But I
19	know at this point there has been no cause for
20	evacuations or removal of people from their homes.
21	And as we go through the process of doing the
22	actual cleanup, we will have processes in place to
23	make sure that we're not spreading the
24	contamination that we're removing and further
25	disseminating it into the community.

1.	MARK VENSKE: Mark Venske, Gainesville. I
2	have read or heard the remediation of sediments
3	along the creeks was done kind of spottily; that
4	is, where opportunities presented themselves to
5	access the sediments where access was more
6	difficult or they were not done. Those could be
7	places where sediments could be contaminated
8	sediments could be present in very high
9	concentrations.
10	What I would like to know is what plan the
11	EPA has, for those of us who have not read the rod,
12	to get to sediments that have heretofore been
13	difficult to access. Thank you.
14	MR. MILLER: The record of decision requires
15	that there be further testing as well as a cleanup
16	to be protective of aquatic organisms in the
17.	Springstead and Hogtown Creek area. For
18	site-related contaminants, there's been an
19	interment measure of approximately 400 tons of
20	sediments that have been removed to date, so that
21	is required by the record of decision.
22	MS. SMOUT: And what aquatic species, weren't
23	they focus feasible study or no?
24	MR. MILLER: The aquatic species were
25	required to be were requiring to do a cleanup to

1	be protective of aquatic speccies. Okay.
2	CLEMMIE MIDDLETON: My name is Clemmie
3	Middleton. C-L-E-M-M-I-E. My question is I don't
4	live right in the Stephen Foster area, but I live
5	less than two miles away from Stephen Foster. So I
6	was wondering well, I heard that the
7	contaminants went at least two miles each way. So
8	my thing is, I have never heard anything about
9	like the lady said earlier, that whether there was
10	going to be any testing in the Carol Estates area.
11	And, like I said, I have never had any paperwork,
12	seen anything, hadn't heard anything. But I was
13	informed that there was some contaminated areas in
14	there.
15	MS. SMOUT: What's the cross street?
16	CLEMMIE MIDDLETON: 23rd and 15th, up in that
17	area. 23rd and 15th. 15th it's less than
18	two miles.
19	MS. PHILSON: Thank you. When we are
20	determining the extent of a Superfund site, we call
21	it the aerial extent. That means the site is where
22	the contamination is. It's simply no more
23	complicated than that. You can't say, well, the
24	building is here, so this is where all the
25	contamination was. That's as simple as that.

1	So what we do when we're attempting to
2	delineate a site is, obviously you start at the
3	center and you start at the process area or
4	wherever the breach was where the contaminants
5	first entered the environment. Then you move back
6	from there you move outward in concentric circles.
7	If you haven't been contacted from two miles
8	away it's because we tested out, tested out, tested
9	out and eventually came up with samples that were
10	clean. We compare those against background samples
11	in other locations within the community. So if you
12	haven't been contacted about that, it's because you
13	you're not considered part of a site, you're too
14	far away. And the soil contamination, to the
15	extent there is any at your site, is not related to
16	activities at either of those former operating
17	facilities.
18	I'm sorry, which doesn't mean you can't be on
19	the mailing list and we're glad that you're here
20	and will continue to receive information to
21	participate as your community. You're, obviously,
22	a very close neighbor. But that's why you haven't
23	been receiving information on this, you haven't
24	been on our mailing list. But if you would like to
25	be, you can see L'Tonya, give her your address,

1	again, for any of the rest of you, to make sure
2	that the next public meeting or the next activity
3	going on you hear about because you get a mailing
4	directly from the U.S. EPA.
5	CLEMMIE MIDDLETON: No, what was I was going
6	to say they said it's two miles and less. I've had
7	the medical problems that you know, about what
8	the contaminants cause. So I was wondering why our
9	area wasn't tested. There is a couple of us that's
10	in that area that's having the medical problems.
11	And so if they said it was two miles and less, we
12	were wondering how come our two miles or less
13	wasn't we hadn't been informed.
14	MS. PHILSON: Okay. Thank you. Again, I
15	don't know who they is. I'm not for sure who is
16	saying, you know, two miles. But contaminants
17	don't travel a certain distance in any particular
18	direction based on if it goes in two miles in
19	one direction that it's going to go two miles in
20	all directions. Again, if we haven't contacted
21	you, if we haven't done testing at your site I
22	mean, at your home, it's because we tested out and
23	determined the site boundaries ended shy of that
24	because we were hitting background levels that were
25	normal and not affected by or impacted by the site.

1	I'm going to come to you in one second. You,
2	and then I'll come over here I'll come back to you
3	thank you.
4	MARIA PARSONS: First of all, my name is
5	Maria Parsons. I'd like to thank you for this
6	format. Because the last time the EPA was in town,
7	the most affected individuals were stopped from
8	making comments. The microphone was turned off and
9	the lights were turned off. And we were not
10	allowed to speak, only a few of us got a chance to
11	speak after the most of 90 percent of the residents
12	stepped out in disgust. So thank you so much for
13	not having a strange format or plan to speak that
14	was not actually communicated to the entire
15	community.
16	And, also, the EPA promised that you would
17	contact Sandy Watts Kennedy and myself regarding
18	any meetings and issues. And for a year and a
19	half, we have not received any information. So I
20	don't know about your we have given you our
21	details umpteen times, several dozen times to be
22	exact. So there is no excuse for that. So I
23	question, you know, that if you are on the list
24	that you will get any communication.
25	So my situation is, on behalf of the

1	residents, how is it that for Gainesville residents
2	dioxins are not considered a health problem or an
3	issue, when EPA in Texas clearly states that there
4	are no safe levels for dioxins for human health.
5	In 1978 Dr. Chorchiva Ph.d. and a team of
6	scientists studied dioxins. And based on their
7	study, dioxins were found to be highly
8	carcinogenic, and a minute amount of dioxins was
9	found to cause liver cancers and many other
10	cancers. And their research made dioxins one of
11	the most toxic agent to human health and the World
12	Health recognizes that as such. So why aren't
13	Gainesville residents deserving of protection?
14	My house is contaminated inside, my creek
15	that I own and most people have creekside property
16	I believe all of us own contaminated properties.
17	They have not been cleaned. They're contaminated.
18	We're not to go on the water, we're not to touch
19	the sediment. And, yet, you have not delineated
20	past 30th or 33rd Avenue.
21	I don't understand why when we have dioxins
22	in our property that we get a letter from the State
23	Department stating so that you don't go past how
24	did you come to the delineation? I don't
25	understand. Have you finished the delineation of

	1	the contamination? And how is it that six inches
	2	of soil is being dumped on 30 acres on top of the
	3	site without any remediation or cleanup given us
	4	super amount dioxins is a cleanup.
	5	In other sites, they're digging up the same
- Land Grant	6	dioxins. There are no impermeable layers. I am in
	7	touch with over 40 other Superfund sites that are
	8	part of EPA Region IV and they also didn't find
	9	such thing. I find this highly inadequate and this
1	0	is not a cleanup, this is a cover up. And a city
1	1	like Gainesville and its residents deserve a real
1:	2	cleanup.
1:	3	And the citizens that have been complaining,
14	4	protesting, coming before commission hearings
1!	5	umpteen times over 30 years one only needs to
10	6	look at the records describing their pain, their
1	7	suffering, their cancers, multiple families, entire
18	8	families decimated, and yet that is not being
19	9	considered. I don't believe that the EPA is
20	0	protecting the residents. I believe I was under
23	1	the impression that the EPA was an agency that was
22	2	there established for the protection of the
23	3	residents, the community, the source of our
24	4	drinking water.
25	5	This contamination, no matter what you do
ì		

1	continues to permeate and percolate into our
2	aquifer. And not to mention the remox (sic.) that
3	is being injected and residents were not informed.
4	The State gave the Beazers and Koppers a variance.
5	And the reasons stated in the documents, which I
6	have, states that, hey, no one petitioned against
7	the petition to complain, so, therefore, a toxic
8	agent that is not allowed near a municipality or
9	municipal waters is being injected. And many
10	residents believe that it's being injected also
11	not just on the site, but also on offsite wells.
12	This is a major problem and we're demanding a real
13	cleanup. And we're asking the Court not to approve
14	this. We want a real cleanup. Thank you very
15	much.
16	MS. PHILSON: Thank you. There are obviously
17	a lot of points in there, very few I can speak to.
18	One is, we haven't had contact with the community
19	as far as having a meeting and bringing people to
20	the table for the last year and half because we've
21	been negotiating the consent decree for the last
22	year and half. Now the consent decree is
23	completed, it's negotiated and lodged before the
24	Court. That's why we're here, that's why we came
25	back to have this forum and to take these comments.

1	I do thank you for your comment.
2	And I'm not familiar with anywhere on the
3	site where we're just putting six inches of soil
4	and calling it clean. That's not again, we have
5	an 800 page document that details the level extent
6	and methodology of the cleanup. I'm not familiar
7	with anywhere in the cleanup where just putting
8	six inches of soil on top of the ground
9	MARIA PARSONS: That is not what I said.
10	They're removing it from off site and putting it on
11	the site.
12	MS. PHILSON: Again, it's not appropriate for
13	us to have a back and forth across the room at this
14	point. But I encourage you to do what Ms. Parsons
15	has done, which is look at the rod, evaluate what
16	you see, think about how the consent decree has
17	come together. Again, until the 15th of March you
18	still have this forum to make a comment which will
19	be considered by the judge when he or she considers
20	whether or not to enter this consent decree. If
21	you think it's inadequate, if you have a problem,
22	if you have a concern, that's literally why we're
23	here tonight. So please come and have your
24	comments known.
25	I haven't forgotten about you, I'm just to

1	come over here first.
2	JOE PRAGNER: Thank you. My name is Joe
3	Pragner and I've lived in Gainesville for twenty
4	some odd years. I'm a realtor now here and I share
5	the concerns of people in the neighborhood about
6	their property values. But more than that, I share
7	the concerns of this gentleman here and Ms. Parsons
8	about human health hazards. Not just those in the
9	creeks, the creatures in the creeks, but the human
10	beings that live in the homes near the site.
11	You talked about the boundaries of the site
12	and that's my primary question. At some Superfund
13	sites, the Federal judge said, okay, the boundaries
14	don't stop at the fence. We're going to encompass
15	these residential properties around the site
16	because they were contaminated through toxic
17	trespass, a concept no doubt you're familiar with
18	as a lawyer. So I'm concerned that pregnant women,
19	old people, children exposed to dioxins who live
20	within, say, a three, four block area of the
21	boundary of Koppers are unwittingly being exposed
22	to dioxins which cause every known type of cancer,
23	as you know.
24	So my first question to you is, do you see
25	the Federal judge reviewing whether the boundaries

1	of Koppers should be expanded to the north to
2	encompass the Gainesville facility he mentioned, or
3	to the west to encompass the known contaminated
4	residential lots?
5	The reason I ask this as a realtor is I've
6	seen some of these properties go for sale, okay,
7	one of them on a Fannie Mae website as a
8	foreclosure. When you settle a bank foreclosure
9	property, there is no disclosure. And one of our
10	commissioners sent a letter to the Association of
11	Realtors to remind realtors to be sure to disclose
12	proximity to Koppers. And one firm even discloses
13	it for every property in the county. They have a
14	blanket environmental disclosure form. It mentions
15	Superfund sites. Now, I don't think the problem is
16	that significant, but, obviously, we don't know the
17	true boundaries.
18	So my first question is, can we communicate
19	with the Judge to ask him to expand the boundaries
20	of the Superfund site to encompass the properties
21	that have been damaged so they are bought back at
22	fair market value instead of having to be sold for,
23	if they're lucky, \$39,000 for three, two concrete
24	block home or given away or being sold without
25	disclosure unknowingly to another person who thinks

1	they're getting a bargain, but is really getting a
2	property where two feet of soil should be removed.
3	By the way, it was two feet of soil, now it's
4	six inches, or is it? So that's another question
5	for you. Is it two feet, is it six inches? And
6	what are we doing about those issues? How do you
7	communicate with the Judge. Thanks.
8	MS. SMOUT: The remedy is being done in
9	operable units and there is different numbers
10	associated with them. And one of the operable
11	units actually one of the operable units
12	actually includes the aerial extent of all
13	contamination emanating from the site which is why
14	one of the parts of the remediation involves going
15	to around to all the properties where we've
16	found any hits at all where there is a contaminant
17	of concern that's above a cleanup level.
18	The plan is to go to every single house
19	that's on that that where we've found any type
20	of contamination and basically to offer two
21	different options. You can read it in the consent
22	decree if you would like to come up afterwards, I
23	can show you the actual language. But we're
24	basically saying to all of the homeowners, hey, you
25	know, you can either have your site you can have

1	your soil removed, we'll figure out how deep the
2	contamination is and remove the soil and replace
3	it. We can do deed restrictions. But we're
4	working with the homeowners.
5	To answer your first question where did
6	you go? To answer your first question, the aerial
7	extent of the contamination does go beyond the
8	boundaries of the actual Koppers part of the site
9	and the Cabot part of the site. If you look at the
10	maps that are attached to the consent decree, also
11	if you review the rod, okay, I can give you the
12	pages, if you guys want me to look it up I can give
13	it to you in a couple minutes.
14	Basically both in the amended rod and in the
15	consent decree, we specifically state that what we
16	want to do is to go around to every single house
17	where we have found any contamination at all that's
18	above any cleanup goal. Okay. And Florida
19	actually has some goals, cleanup goals that are
20	more stringent than the Federal goals. And so we
21	go with the more stringent goals. That's what we
22	have to do. That's what's required of us. So to
23	answer your first question, yes, it does go beyond
24	the actual facility boundaries.
25	To let's see, you are also wanted to know

1	the depth. Okay. That also again, I can point
2	you to actual language in both the amended rod and
3	also in the consent decree. We are going around to
4	every single house and testing down to the point
5	where there is no contamination. That's where
6	we're going to remove. We're going to remove to
7	that level if the homeowner wants it. Okay. We
8	can't go onto anybody's property and force you to
9	clean up your property if you don't want your
10	property cleaned up. If you don't want a deed
11	restriction, if you don't want any type of
12	engineered controls which, you know, for example
13	fences, signs, that kind of thing, if you don't
14	want any of that, we can't force you.
15	However, we are going to go around to every
16	single house where there has been any hit at all of
17	any contaminant of concern, one iota above any
18	clean up level and we're going to work a specific
19	plan for that particular household. If we've got
20	to dig down, you know, 20 feet, then that's what we
21	dig down. If they've got a giant tree that they
22	want to save, we'll do what we can. If they have
23	to be temporarily relocated, you know, that's
24	something we have the authority to do. I'm not
25	talking permanent relocation, okay, I'm talking

1	temporary to local, you know, hotel or whatever.
2	But it's there is no across the board
3	anywhere. There is no mandate that it's only six
4	to twelve inches or, you know, that we're only
5	cleaning up in one area. They have basically gone
6	around, as has already been explained by Caroline,
7	and sampled all the way out.
8	The interesting if you would ever want to
9	look at any of the information in both the remedial
10	investigation feasibility studies, the focus
11	feasibility studies, we literally have feet of
12	information we could show you of the very detailed
13	sampling that they've done all throughout the
14	entire area for all chemicals you can imagine,
15	including dioxin, which is actually very minor.
16	There is really not much there for that. But they
17	have done that. We have we got the back up on
18	that.
19	I mean, if you really want to see the back
20	up, it's all in the administrative record. I
21	believe all of those documents are also in the
22	repository in the Alachua County Library. So we
23	did do all that sampling. We did figure out the
24	aerial extent of contamination. It does go into
25	people's yards. And we are going to be going and

1	working a plan for every single individual
2	excuse me, family, I should say. I mean for every
3	residence, which would include individuals or
4	families, to figure out what they want to do, okay,
5	what do they want with their yard.
6	And that's you know, so that's why we
7	can't give you a general answer saying that we're
8	going to clean up every ounce of contamination
9	because we don't have the power to go and force
10	some homeowner, you know, to have his yard cleaned
11	up. But to the extent homeowners are willing to do
12	that, that's what we're going to do. We're going
13	to do whatever we can. We are going to be very,
14	very protective of the environment. That's our
15	mandate. Matter of fact, it's also laid out in the
16	rod. I can give you those specific pages.
17	But we are very careful about, for example,
18	dust, okay, dust control, about making sure that
19	the trucks coming in and out, we're getting
20	easements so that we don't have to drive all around
21	the neighborhood. Very specific ways in which
22	we're trying to be very careful of how about how
23	we clean up every person's yard.
24	But we're definitely it's all in there.
25	We are going to clean it up specifically for that

Page 45

1	particular yard's contamination to the wishes of
2	what that property owner wants to do. And I think
3	I've answered your question. If I haven't, could
4	you tell me what else you need to know.
5	JOE PRAGNER: Thank you. Because I used to
6	live south of Times Beach, Missouri, and it was
7	contaminated with dust. It was on the news
8	everyday in the eighties. And it does not now have
9	the stigma that it once did because it was cleaned
10	up. I'm not sure if it compares to this cleanup,
11	but they did go in, as you know, and take care of
12	that. Now it's become a place where the property
13	values are back to normal.
14	I just hope there is a way if citizens want
15	to communicate to the Judge if you could make that
16	clear, then you would answer my final question.
17	MS. SMOUT: Okay. Can you tell me what your
18	question is? You want to make sure tell me one
19	more time.
20	JOE PRAGNER: This will come before a Federal
21	judge.
22	MS. SMOUT: Yes.
23	JOE PRAGNER: I'm assuming that is not open

to the public and we can't sit in the back and say

excuse me, your Honor. How do we get our comments

24

25

1	before the judge if he's going to review this
2	material or will he watch this videotape of
3	tonight's meeting?
4	MS. SMOUT: Okay. Now I understand what
5	you're asking. Yes. Under the regulations,
6	whenever you're doing a Federal consent decree,
7	it's required that you put it out for public notice
8	and comment. It's also required that we submit
9	anything we receive from the public, so that's why
10	we asked for a transcription to be made of this
11	meeting. I haven't talked about whether I can get
12	the video, I don't know.
13	But we definitely will have the transcribed
14	material will go directly to the Court. It will be
15	a copy, you know, attached to what's called a
16	memorandum and support of the motion to enter. But
17	I'm getting ahead of myself. Because we really do
18	look at every single comment, every single issue,
19	every single problem. And it is my responsibility
20	to make sure that we've adequately responded, that
21	we have a plan that's going to work that's going to
22	address that issue.
23	That's my responsibility. It's my
24	responsibility to say, you know, hey, we need to
25	work on this other part, you know. I don't know

	2 4520 1.200
1	what that other part is, but we have pulled consent
2	decrees. I've worked for the Department of Justice
3	for 25 years and I can tell you at least four or
4	five decrees that we've actually pulled back
5	because of what we received during a public notice
6	of comment period. So this is not all for show,
7	okay, this is not a done deal. We care and we want
8	to know what you have to say and what your concerns
9	are.
10	At the same time, it's a little bit of a
11	concern on my part because there can be
12	misinformation that goes out or, you know,
13	misinterpretation. So I invite you if you would
14	like to get my, you know, email, if you would like
15	to talk to me, email me, let me know what your
16	issues and concerns are separately from the public
17	notice and comment, I offer that to you tonight.
18	That's not something that I've, you know that I
19	do very often. But I realize that there is fear
20	and there is concern.
21	I have two children, I've played in the
22	creeks by my house. I know exactly how you feel.
23	I have a dog, my dog plays in the water. At the
24	same time, I've been working with this team of
25	people. In a way, I'm sort of an outsider because

- 1 I represent, really, the United States, I represent
- 2 you. Okay. And, you know, EPA is certainly part
- 3 of that process.
- But, you know, as an outsider, I can tell you
- 5 I've been working with this team for a while now
- 6 and they have really done their very best. They
- 7 really have been very specific and very technical
- 8 and very, you know, discerning about how they want
- 9 to clean up the site. We are worried about it. We
- 10 do want to clean it up.
- 11 As a matter of fact, one separate operable
- 12 unit is just the creeks. I may be saying that
- 13 wrong, but I know it's part of --
- 14 AUDIENCE MEMBER: There is so many other
- 15 people.
- 16 MS. SMOUT: I'm so sorry. That's what you
- 17 get when you invite a DOJ attorney, we want the
- 18 mike. Sorry.
- 19 MS. PHILSON: Thanks. I just want to again
- 20 check in. It's about six minute after 7:00.
- 21 Again, we're here until 8:00. We have a court
- reporter or stenographer until 8:00. Again, thank
- 23 you very much for your patience. Let's continue
- 24 moving through.
- 25 AMY SCHWARZER: Hi, my name is Amy Schwarzer

1	that's spelled S-C-H-W-A-R-Z-E-R. I'm just a
2	concerned resident. I live outside of the
3	contamination area as far as I know. I have two
4	concerns. I haven't read the full decree at this
5	point, I haven't had time to go through 800 pages.
6	But, one, I'm not sure I'm very comfortable with
7	the idea that we're storing contaminated soil back
8	onto the site.
9	It seems to me that that soil should be
10	removed from the community altogether and probably
11	stored in a hazardous waste site. I understand
12	there is technical reasons why this is the
13	preferred method, but there have been multiple
14	examples throughout the country of places where we
15	have assumed that we have contained contaminants
16	and we have not done so. Eventually things leach,
17	containers break down, and impermeable surfaces
18	aren't so impermeable. That's a big concern for
19	me.
20	But more than that my biggest concern, you
21	know, is, great, we're cleaning up their soil,
22	we're cleaning up the yards for these people. But
23	what about their homes? What about the physical
24	structures? I mean, there is no way that the air
25	pollution and the dioxin didn't, in fact, affect

1	these structures. And I'm seeing really no
2	remediation for that. I mean, we're not cleaning
3	the inside of these people's homes, we're not
4	offering them there we go.
5	You know, so I appreciate the level to which,
6	you know, we're trying to do soil removal and water
7	removal and things like that, but the point is,
8	most human beings in modern society live in their
9	homes. We spend most of our time, something like
10	75 to 85 percent of our time in the home or in a
11	physical structure. And all of these structures
12	within the contaminant area are also contaminated.
13	And I think the fact that this consent
14	decree, as far as understand, does not cover that
15	is a really egregious oversight. So that's my
16	comment and I'll pass it on.
17	BOB HALLMAN: My name is Bob Hallman, that's
18	spelled H-A-L-L-M-A-N. I've been to a few of these
19	meetings before in other states and so forth. One
20	of the things that I would like to know and maybe
21	get it addressed from you is specifically, rather
22	than this general statement, that these people are
23	not eligible to be permanently relocated. I would
24	like to know what kind of research went into that
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1	Let's take into consideration, for example,
2	other areas where people have been permanently
3	relocated and so forth. How does that compare with
4	this particular group, especially since it seems
5	that the testing has been a little bit sparse and
6	I'm not even sure that it's been appropriate. But,
7	anyway, that concerns me. And I would like to see
8	that. I have not seen anything in writing about
9	that and so forth.
10	I've been at other sites where they have had
11	these meetings and they said they were going to
12	clean up, nothing happened. For example, in Brick,
13	New Jersey, they just decided they wouldn't clean
14	it up and they made a solar farm out of it. Down
15	in Fort Lauderdale, there was a four acre site down
16	there. They built a brand new building on it, 40
17	employees were in there. I called the EPA and I
18	said is this an active site. Yeah. Did you know
19	there's a new building on it. No. Well, shouldn't
20	something be done on it. Click. They hung up the
21	phone and so forth. So this is the kind of
22	experiences that the people are being done.
23	Now, this evening, I don't think two hours is
24	really an appropriate amount of time and so forth.
25	I think there should be more than just this

1	two-hour period and so forth. I don't know if
2	there is a scientist here are you a scientist
3	representing you are? Okay.
4	I also understand that there were some
5	testing companies, subcontractors that came into
6	this area who were prosecuted in other areas for
7	the mistakes that they've made and so forth. We
8	have, for example, a hired group of individuals
9	that are going around and harassing some of the
10	activists here. We're not sure who is doing that.
	The only person that I can think of that would be,
12	shall we say, benefited by it would be our friends
13	from Beazer.
14	I don't know if you know, but Beazer you know
15	is bigger than BP so they have lot of money working
16	with their lobbyist and so forth. So I would like
17	to know specifically why these people are not
18	eligible for a permanent relocation. If you could
19	give me an address, if it's on that card and so
20	forth, I would like to have that information.
21	BRIAN STANDON: Everybody, my name is Brian
22	Standon and I live really close to Wards near 22nd
23	and 6th, so I'm very close to the site. I even
24	used to be an environmental science major and
25	environmental journalist, changed majors, moved

1	away for a few years, kept driving back and forth.
2	And I was unaware of the whole Koppers thing until
3	I rented a house there. I was even interested in
4	buying the property. The gentleman that was
5	sitting over there, the realtor, he brought up some
6	of my concerns as well. And I moved in about a
7	year and a half ago and, you know, I was never
8	told the realtor Gloria Bell did not disclose
9	anything about that it was close or that there was
10	an issue. There was no kind of disclosure. I've
11	never received any kind of notice. I have no idea
12	what the soil is like.
13	In addition, I am a leader in a local
14	non-profit, Edible Nursery, that old plant project,
15	and we are really pushing to get everybody to grow
16	their own food. And one thing is I'm pretty decent
17	growing plants. I have noticed okay. So the
18	people one thing is, I've noticed that the
19	plants have not been growing that well in my yard
20	that would normally grow much better, like a lot
21	easier in other places that I lived, other places
22	I've planted. And we plant things that are really
23	easy to care for and even native and thrive.
24	So what I want to know is how does this
25	actually affect the plants? Because I got

1	received some kind of thing from AHEC, like a
2	brochure with a bunch of warnings. The thing is a
3	lot of people throw generalizations around and
4	things that I'm not sure how backed up some of the
5	statements that some of my fellow citizens say.
6	I'm not sure the validity because I hear a lot of
7	things back and forth.
8	And some of it, I think, is just kind of
9	like I don't know. I want more information,
10	more facts. You know, like, because people say,
11	oh, don't eat, you know, fruits. And they've done
12	studies where, you know, toxins don't go into
13	fruits. So I want to know like, one, you know, how
14	does it affect plants or vegetables.
15	And the other is about the disclosure to
16	renters. Because there is always this talk about
17	homeowners, but Gainesville is 50 percent college
18	students. This whole city it's like, 50 percent
19	college students. And a lot of people also that
20	have graduated can't afford it, rent and so forth.
21	So what kind of protections are there for renters,
22	you know, for that kind of stuff. So those are
23	I want to know that. So there is no comment on
24	either of those issues.
25	MR. MILLER: Can we get contact information?

1	BRIAN STANDON: I want to encourage everyone
2	to keep it brief. Because people are saying two
3	hours isn't enough. I work full time, I'm
4	exhausted. I had to force myself to come here.
5	All right.
6	MS. SMOUT: We need to get your information.
7	MS. PHILSON: You can give it to her right
8	there. Thank you.
9	ROBERT PEARCE: Rick is going to help me set
10	up a diagram here before I start talking. My name
11	is Robert Pearce, that's P-E-A-R-C-E.
12	AUDIENCE MEMBER: Speak into the mike,
13	please.
14	ROBERT PEARCE: My name is Robert Pearce,
15	that's P-E-A-R-C-E. The single issue I want to
16	comment on relates to the on site soils outside the
17	consolidation containment area, which is the green
18	area on the plan view diagram. The remedy for the
19	most part merely specifies covering this area with
20	two feet of topsoil. The remedy specifies
21	excavation and removal only in hot spots where
22	certain contaminants cause leachability criteria to
23	be exceeded, which is threatening ground water.
24	But it does not specify excavation and removal
25	where direct contact criteria are exceeded. Less

1	soluble contaminants, such as dioxin, would remain
2	in place.
3	Dioxin is widely distributed across the
4	surface of a site and at concentrations sometimes
5	hundreds of times higher than even commercial soil
6	cleanup target levels. In my opinion, simply
7	covering over these types of contaminants at these
8	concentrations with two feet of topsoil will not
9	sufficiently protect human health and the
10	environment for the thousands of years the remedy
11	must remain effective.
12	Additionally, EPA reuse directives state that
13	remedies for Superfund sites should accommodate the
14	future land uses desired by the community wherever
15	practicable. The local land use authority, the
16	Gainesville City Commission, has indicated it wants
17	a site that will attract and be conducive to mixed
18	use development with strong emphasis on a
19	residential component and with as few institutional
20	and engineering restrictions as possible.
21	With high concentrations of contamination
22	just below the surface, both the environmental and
23	psychological constraints would tend to limit reuse
24	options, reduce flexibility of design, and inhibit
25	the kind of redevelopment the community wants.

	1	Whereas the contaminated soils within the
	2	containment area, which is the blue area on the
	3	diagram, are such of nature and at some depths that
	4	it would be impracticable for them to be excavated
	5	and removed, the vast majority of contamination
	6	outside the containment area lies within the top
	7	several feet of soil and is of such a nature that
	8	it can be excavated and at least moved into the
	9	consolidation area where it can be safely and
	10	permanently bound. This would leave the remaining
	11	two thirds of the site in very clean condition and
	12	at depth. This is very important towards reducing
	13	the stigma associated with the site, which is
	14	crippling the general health of the entire
	15	neighborhood.
	16	And such a cleanup would open the site up for
	17	a variety of choices with regards to redevelopment,
	18	not just in the short term but over the course of
	19	many generations into the future. Such a remedy
	20	would be practicable and cost effective, especially
	21	in the long term. It would be significantly more
	22	protective of human health and the environment and
	23	it would be in better alignment with EPA reuse
Water and Advantage	24	directives.
	25	In conclusion, for everyone's long term

1	benefit, the on site vados (sic.) zone soils
2	outside the consolidation area should meet not only
3	leachability criteria, but also at minimum
4	commercial SETL direct contract criteria before
5	being covered over with topsoil. Thank you very
6	much.
7	CORINDA O'STEEN: I'm Corinda O'Steen I
8	live my property joins the Koppers site where
9	they put a four foot deep on one end, a six foot
10	deep on the other end, an eight foot across holding
11	pond. Since that pond has been put in there since
12	'06 they came out and put the pond in the very
13	day my husband died. He grew up in this
14	neighborhood. He went to school here, he worked
15	here, and he died here. I have five birth defect
16	children, I have ten birth defect grandchildren,
17	and three great grandbabies.
18	When they come out and they take the soil off
19	of everybody's yards that want to go through and
20	having that soil removed from their property and
21	they dump it on that site, all of that toxin is
22	going to come right back across the fence and right
23	on top of me. My house is full of toxins. My yard
24	is full of toxins. You can't even get anything to
25	grow in my yard anymore. My husband farmed that

1	property. He ate, he slept in it, it was in their
2	clothes.
3	It causes all kinds of cancer. It causes all
4	kinds of birth defects. It causes all kind of
5	nerve damage. I have grandchildren that were born
6	without organs and children I went down through
7	the list, my husband did, we just took a yellow
8	marker and marked through them. Some had more than
9	others.
10	And I don't want them to take six inches of
11	soil off of my property, I don't want them to take
12	two foot of soil off my property because it's so
13	contaminated. I want them to purchase my property.
14	And they should purchase every property that is all
15	around that site because they are still I've
16	talked to young kids everyday that's moving into
17	this neighborhood and they're not telling them.
18	They're saying, well, you're near the site, but you
19	don't have anything to worry about. One young
20	girl, I said, these lots are 50 foot wide and
21	100 feet deep. I said I don't have a college
22	decree, but your house is big enough, it's on two
23	lots. The next house is on two lots and the next
24	house is on two lots. And I think a fourth grader
25	can figure up that's 300 feet from the corner and

1	there is a well on the other side of that fence. I
2	said how close do they claim that you're not near
3	the site?
4	And EPA, they fought here for ten years to
5	try to get the EPA help us put the fence up around
6	that property. And you know how the fence got up
7	there? It's because I went to Atlanta, went into
8	the office after they sent somebody out here and
9	they came back and told me that it wasn't worth the
10	money to put the fence up. And I told them, I said
11	I'm moving back to the neighborhood, I'm taking
12	three small children in that neighborhood but one
13	pole falls on one of them it will cost them more
14	than that fence will cost. That's how that fence
15	got around there.
16	Everybody's kids have played over there have
17	died. My neighbors have all died. Everybody that
18	has worked over there has died. And they keep
19	giving ya'll all of this false information and
20	people moving in and out of here. And it's just
21	like he said, there are students that move in and
22	out of this neighborhood everyday and they have no
23	idea that that we even watched them bury the
24	stuff in the sixties.
25	And why should we come in put all this money

- in our homes and then they destroy our homes and
- 2 don't want to pay for what they've done to us.
- 3 It's not fair. We have worked, we have paid our
- 4 taxes, we have done and taken care of the things
- 5 we're supposed to do. When we get to our age, we
- 6 should be able to have a decent place to live that
- 7 is clean inside and out.
- 8 And I'm like this young gentleman here, I
- 9 like to work in my yard, I like to raise food in my
- 10 yard. You can't do it in my yard. You can't even
- 11 do it in the flower pots. You can't even do it on
- 12 my back porch anymore. I have a closed in back
- 13 porch, it's like a hot house. You can't even do it
- 14 there. The stuff will not grow. It will not
- 15 produce fruit.
- And they should be out here with signs all in
- this neighborhood, this is a contaminated area,
- 18 drive slowly, don't roll down your windows, and
- 19 keep traveling.
- MS. PHILSON: Okay. Ya'll, I just want to
- 21 make a quick administrative note. Again, it's
- 7:20. We've got 40 more minutes. Again, that's
- 23 the end of this meeting, not the end of the public
- 24 comment period. If you don't want to make a
- 25 comment or you feel, you know, you got to get home,

1	take	care	of	your	kids	have	supper,	my	colleague,
---	------	------	----	------	------	------	---------	----	------------

- 2 L'Tonya is going to walk through. She's got note
- 3 cards, she's got pens.
- 4 So if you would like to write your comment
- 5 out and leave it with her with me, with Cheryl,
- 6 with my colleague, Scott, please feel free to do
- 7 so.
- 8 AUDIENCE MEMBER: Will you please introduce
- 9 the three of you to everyone who came in late.
- 10 MS. PHILSON: Sure. My name is Caroline
- 11 Philson, I work for the EPA. I'm a staff attorney
- 12 for this particular site.
- MS. SMOUT: Charley Smout, U.S. Department of
- 14 Justice, and Scott Miller is our remedial project
- 15 manager.
- MS. PHILSON: And L'Tonya Spencer is our
- 17 community involvement coordinator. So the three of
- 18 us work for EPA, Cheryl works for the Department of
- 19 Justice. Sorry, we should have reintroduced
- 20 ourselves. So if you need to talk with us after
- 21 the meeting -- but again you can put your comments
- 22 on the record. The public comment period is open
- 23 until the 15th of March.
- This is meeting we had so you can make your
- 25 comments on the record without writing them down.

1	If you're running low on time or concerned about
2	being able to get to the mike, please feel free to
3	do that. Thank you.
4	JOHN DAVIES: Hello, my name is John Davies.
5	I never took chemistry in high school or college,
6	so I'm not sure I need some clarification about
7	something. I've heard a lot about dioxins. I
8	would also like to know about PCB's. Are they in
9	the soil, too? Are you going to be monitoring for
10	cleanup of PCB's as well as dioxin, assuming
11	they're not the same thing as dioxin?
12	MS. PHILSON: Yes.
13	SANDRA WATTS KENNEDY: Hi, we haven't met
14	before, my name is Sandra Watts Kennedy. And I
15	want to say in the State of Florida the residential
16	soil standard for dioxins is seven parts per
17	trillion. Anything above that is considered
18	non-protective, yes.
19	Now, I've heard some officials say that the
20	insides of our contaminated homes are not eligible,
21	they're not to be considered because there is no
22	set criteria as there is for residential soils.
23	Well, isn't it just commonsense that if seven parts
24	per trillion is on the verge of too much outside
25	that, anything in the hundreds, in the thousands,
1	

1	as well as anything seven or up is too high and is
2	not protective of our children and our families?
3	That's just commonsense. And perhaps a little
4	compassion and commonsense would help these
5	residents out a whole lot.
6	For example, my family's home was
7	independently tested by the laboratory that holds
8	the patent on dioxin testing and has won numerous
9	awards and EPA uses their methodology. You don't
10	get much above more credible than that. Our homes
11	averaged over 400 parts per trillion. They were
12	higher I'm very emotional about this. A lot of
13	these people are very emotional here tonight with
14	good reason.
15	Okay. There are homes in Times Beach,
16	Missouri, there over 2,000 homes were moved. Many
17	of those homes were not as contaminated as some of
18	the homes here, and yet we don't qualify. Do we
19	have a special gene that protects us and our
20	children from dioxins? Come on.
21	Also, Pensacola, they've moved nearly 400
22	homes now. And, again, many of those homes are not
23	nearly as contaminated as ours are. And kudos to
24	that community because they have never given up.
25	They didn't take the rod as a sign that they should

1	give up when it was not protective. They didn't
2	take the consent decree when that went by as a sign
3	that that should stop. They kept moving, they kept
4	up their activism and they've been making gains
5	over the years. Oh, their blood, sweat, and tears.
6	And we need to do the same here.
7	So why based on this information, why is
8	our community, why our families are not worthy of
9	relocation. We want our toxic homes to be
10	purchased by the polluter, Beazer East and Koppers
11	so that we can live our lives in a cleaner
12	environment and hope that our children will be born
13	healthfully. The miscarriages, the stillbirths,
14	the birth defects that Ms. Corinda was telling you
15	about, it's all true.
16	And none of us are here because we're here
17	for pleasure. We're here because this is life and
18	death to us. And bureaucracy and protecting the
19	polluter's dollars over our children's lives,
20	leaving a ticking time bomb out here by burying the
21	contamination on the site so that future
22	generations can look back and at us and say what
23	were they thinking while they're undergoing their
24	pain and their anguish. It's wrong.
25	And your plan is not protective of the

1	aquifer. That's a major concern that residents
2	have here that affects everybody that drinks from
3	that Murphy well field or who has a well going into
4	that aquifer.
5	There's been arsenic was discovered as well
6	as other chemicals coming from Koppers underneath
7	the Kopper site. In 2003, it went out on the
8	associated press and it's not any less now. If we
9	had it then, what do we have now? Nothing has been
10	done to prevent this. And the language in the
11	consent decree speaks vaguely about minimizing. It
12	doesn't say that they're going to prevent it, they
13	can't prevent what's already happened. They're not
14	going to stop it entirely they're not going to
15	stop it from continuing to migrate into our aquifer
16	with this plan.
17	So we want our aquifer protected for all of
18	the residents. We want the polluter to buy out our
19	toxic homes so residents can stop suffering and
20	start living again.
21	SHARON SHEETS: Good evening, I'm Sharon
22	Sheets. I live in my same house on 30th Avenue and
23	6th Street three doors from the Koppers site and in
24	direct blow by direction from all the heavy
25	equipment activity that used to be on the land.

1	I moved there in '77. In 1980, I bought my
2	house without knowing that Koppers was a Superfund
3	site. I became aware in 1983. At that time, I had
4	organic gardens in the back yard, big extensive
5	garden, chickens in the back yard. And I was
6	concerned none of the soil testing was being done.
7	I didn't have the money to have it done. But I
8	assumed and that makes a you know what of me to
9	assume anything.
10	But when the soil was finally tested, found
11	that it is at least in one area of my yard, I'm not
12	sure about all the others, but my dioxin level is
13	ten times higher than the State toxic level. The
14	State toxic level is seven parts per trillion, mine
15	is 70 parts per trillion.
16	And my neighbors are concerned, some of my
17	neighbors their soil was never tested. And they
18	actually said that they were never asked to have
19	their soil tested and they're concerned of course
20	now.
21	And I'm wondering should I decide to have my
22	soil, my property remediated, what happens to my
23	neighbors and the blow by, and is their property
24	going to be tested adequately. What's going to
25	keep anybody on our street as everything that's

Page 68

going on on the Koppers property from coming over 1 2 to us if people do not move out of their homes, if we're not relocated en masse. And, again, I'm 3 praying for the option of having my property bought 4 from me. 5 I'm on multiple respiratory meds. And in two 6 7 weeks I'm having a pulmonary function test. body is falling apart. My immune system is shot. 8 9 I have my own breathing machine, you know, I sit there getting this with the machine going, I've qot 10 I'm on multiple meds, so I know 11 the nebulizer. 12 that I have respiratory problems. 13 I'm 62, so I've been in my place more than half my life. And I really do feel like a lot of 14 15 my health problems can be attributed to the Koppers 16 People say, well, why don't you just move. 17 I'm an old hippie and I tell you, I have less than 18 \$20 in my bank account right now. I can't afford 19 to move. I shouldn't have to move unless somebody 20 buys me out and then I have enough money to 21 relocate myself. 22 So here we go. And another question is when 23 the work is done on Koppers, will there be activity going on in the neighborhoods to, I guess -- will 24 25 our dead end streets be opened up to provide access

	1 uphe viceting on 02/27/2013
1	onto the Koppers site when all of this stuff is
2	going on and if it's going we don't know whether
3	our cleanup is going to be before or after or just
4	what. We've not been notified of any of that, so
5	we're in limbo. An absolute limbo.
6	So I'd like an answer to that, wondering what
7	to expect and when to expect. How long will we
8	have to wait before we have some knowledge of what
9	to expect.
10	MS. PHILSON: Ya'll, I'm going to beg your
11	indulgence as I sit down and answer this.
12	Remember, this meeting tonight is about the consent
13	decree. Of course, there is no cleanup if there is
14	no consent decree if we don't move forward with
15	that document or some version of that document.
16	That is what obligates the responsible party
17	to spend the money and do the work and puts EPA in
18	a position to hold their feet to the fire and
19	mandate that they do action. When the consent
20	decree is entered, if, but when the consent decree
21	is entered by the Federal judge, then there is a
22	remedial design.
23	The remedial design gets into the details and
24	nitty-gritty of what will happen on the cleanup and
25	when. There is specific work plans, there is

1	deadlines within the consent decree for when those
2	work plans are due. They have to be submitted by
3	the responsible party within a certain amount of
4	time, approved by EPA and approved or disapproved
5	for the resubmit. All of that happens according to
6	a schedule that's laid out mostly in Appendix B to
7	the consent decree which is salve statement of work
8	after the remedial design is complete, then
9	remedial action starts.
10	Remedial action is a little different from
11	remedial design because engineers in a room writing
12	on paper or coming up with a plan is different from
13	workers on the ground with boots on doing the work.
14	And so as things need to be fine tuned because you
15	find climatic conditions, different geologic
16	conditions to be different than you initially
17	perceived, there is room in there for you to adjust
18	as necessary to the environment to the climate
19	you're working in at the time.
20	So there is a process I'm sorry, I can't
21	answer your question about whether the site will be
22	open, whether there will be streets going through
23	what is the former facility, I don't know all of
24	the redesign plans for the site. But that's pretty
25	far down the road as we get into actually being in

1	a place where the site is remediated, the cleanup
2	is complete and then it's returned to a productive
3	use. It's privately owned, so what productive use
4	that will be what the redevelopment plan is, I
5	can't tell you at this time.
6	GEORGE POPOTTI: My name is George Popotti.
7	(sic.) I live in the historic section of
8	Gainesville along the Northeast Boulevard. If
9	citizens I think it's well believed that this
10	problem with exposure to these toxins occurs
11	primarily in the Stephen Foster neighborhood. And
12	living there in the Duck Pond area in the nineteen
13	nineties, I can tell you that it wasn't just
14	Stephen Foster.
15	Back when naphthalene was one of the
16	materials used in creosoting, you probably remember
17	that period when Koppers was using that, you could
18	smell the naphthalene. It smelled like moth-balls.
19	We never noticed it until one day, twice, actually,
20	in about a week, the prevailing winds blew the
21	aroma into the fingerprint precision, you know,
22	it's impossible to not recognize it into our
23	neighborhood.
24	And it was midnight on the second night that
25	I noticed this that I called up Koppers and I asked

press	Tubble Mediang on 02.27,2012
1	them in the most I tried to catch the person
2	answering the phone off guard. I said, do you turn
3	your scrubbers off. And the guy stammered and
4	said, well, yeah. And I said why did you do that.
5	He said because I was told to do that. So that was
6	one of the linchpin arguments that Koppers used
7	trying to be, quote, trying to appear to be good
8	citizens in Gainesville.
9	That they always used this was argued in a
10	litigation by Gary Massey who owned the Gary Massey
11	Chevrolet that they were good citizens and
12	operated the facility properly. That was not true.
13	Polluters have a tendency to do what they want, how
14	they want it, to save money to profit. And they're
15	notorious in Ohio for turning their scrubbers off.
16	I know people who live up there. Anyway, I can say
17	that's anecdotal.
18	People in our neighborhood like to raise,
19	like to raise vegetables and fruits in their
20	gardens. And I'm alarmed when I see that because I
21	am if you could smell the naphthalene blowing
22	into your neighborhood, that could be sort of like
23	the canary indicating something had reached your
24	neighborhood, not just vapors, but particulates.
25	We all know well, meteorologists and

1	climatologists know that windblown minerals and
2	soil materials are blown across from the Sahara
3	Desert across the Atlantic and enrich the Amazon
4	basin in South America. Soil movement is
5	well-established. That's a long distance and
6	that's a well-established process. If it can cross
7	the Atlantic, winds can carry things a few miles,
8	which I'm fairly convinced occurred in our
9	neighborhood.
10	The class action litigants hired a very well
11	respected testing lab to test in the Duck Pond area
12	in a two or three mile radius. And they found high
13	levels of dioxin and other pollutants on the soil
14	outside the houses and in the houses with dust.
15	So I guess one of my questions is, what is
16	the EPA prepared to do regarding this issue that
17	I've just brought up. Because it doesn't just
18	affect Stephen Foster, theoretically it affects
19	Alachua, Gainesville, and Alachua County proper.
20	It all depends on the prevailing winds, how strong
21	they are and how sustained they are.
22	And as far as the specific remediation on
23	site, I'm concerned about the I cite to
24	geochemical stabilization. It's a product of a
25	proprietary product created by Beazers. They will

1	profit from its use. I find it I believe this
2	is the case. I find that, if it is true, very
3	objectionable.
4	And I also understand that this material in
5	carced geology, broken sedimentary fragmented
6	sedimentary rock formations will be very difficult
7	to guarantee over time since carced materials move.
8	Once you catalyze the stabilization material, it
9	becomes brittle, semi-brittle at least. How are
10	you going to guarantee that over time with movement
11	of materials, breakdown of sediments, that this is
12	not going to cause minute little cracks that over
13	time will reach the aquifer and our water field
14	very close by.
15	I'm also since this is a Department of
16	Justice overseeing there is oversight by the
17	Department of Justice, I'm concerned about
18	AUDIENCE MEMBER: Hold the microphone.
19	GEORGE POPOTTI: I'm concerned about Region
20	IV's track record. There has been considerable
21	controversy regarding lax oversight over the years,
22	particularly in North Florida. The Journal of
23	Environmental Science and Technology summarized a
24	grand jury finding in 2004 that Region IV EPA and
25	the Florida DEP had failed to protect citizens of

1	Escambia County from horrific pollution in their
2	drinking water.
3	At three Superfund sites, Region IV
4	administrators had approved natural attenuation as
5	the remedy of choice. In one case, the grand jury
6	charged that Conoco Phillips, the corporate owner
7	of the Agrigo chemical company Superfund site
8	avoided paying for cleanup by using a consultant
9	who persuaded Government officials to approve
10	natural attenuation.
11	Escambia County's drinking water comes from a
12	shallow aquifer as does ours. It's obvious that
13	Superfund sites in close proximity to water sources
14	deserve extra special precautions and speedy
15	remediation. We have had neither.
16	Region IV has also disregarded Florida DEP's
17	failure to comply with the Clean Water Act. In
18	March 8th of 2004, circuit Judge L. Ralph Smith
19	wrote that Florida DEP's agreement to allow
20	voluntary regulation of dairies was tantamount to
21	delegating its duties to the industry it is
22	required to regulate. I expect Region IV to
23	continue to fail in its duties if it lives up to
24	its previous performance.
25	So I just hope that there is sufficient

1	departmental Department of Justice oversight in
2	this issue.
3	KATE ELLISON: My name is Kate Ellison, and I
4	tried to read the statement of work and I had a few
5	questions. With the deed restrictions that are
6	anticipated, what future uses will be wise or
7	advisable for the containment area? The 30 acres
8	is mostly solidified and covered with an
9	impermeable cover, does that mean a layer of
10	concrete or asphalt?
11	The purpose is to keep the water out, so it
12	has to be smooth and bare, doesn't it? Not used
13	even for grass or bushes which need to hold water
14	and have roots that could cause cracks. Outside
15	the containment area, but still on site, what
16	future uses are possible, meaning wise or
17	advisable.
18	Could a more thorough cleaning of on site
19	areas be required within the remedial plan outside
20	the containment zone? It just seems like leaving
21	the contaminated soil there covering it with,
22	quote, clean soil is asking for trouble. Within
23	the scale of the whole remedy, scraping a larger
24	area prior to bringing in new soil would surely be
25	more efficient in the long run.

1	For the neighborhood properties that are not
2	remediated but have been tested above the
3	acceptable levels, will they stay zoned
4	residential? If so, how restrictive will their
5	deeds be? What prevents runoff from these yards
6	into the remediated neighborhood areas?
7	Will there be deed restrictions on nearby
8	businesses along 6th Street and 23rd Avenue, et
9	cetera, that are currently zoned for business or
10	mixed use? I don't think people remember what is
11	written on a deed years after it changes hands.
12	Some people or businesses just don't care.
13	Regardless of what gets written on a deed,
14	digging will occur. And with digging,
15	recontamination. Doesn't this mean that depth and
16	thoroughness of the initial cleanup is absolutely
17	critical? Will there be deed restrictions on City
18	property as the north end of the Koppers site?
19	Will the remediated yards have deed restrictions
20	after they're remediated? As far as the on site
21	cleanup, what will be done with the trees? Will
22	they be removed, or will they be treated like trees
23	in people's yards, or will they have two feet of,
24	quote, clean soil piled up around them or what.
25	What happens if a big tree blows over in a

2 than two feet with all that water pooling arou	nd
	ıια
3 it? Won't the contour of the storm water drai	nage
4 cause significant digging, exposing possible b	uried
5 contaminants? What provisions are there for t	his
6 type of soil disturbance? What happens to the	soil
7 dug up during the contouring?	
8 Will the buffer zones that surround the	site
9 be cleaned up, especially the long sides of th	е
10 sites bordering the neighborhood and also the	old
11 railroad track on the east side where there ar	е
12 other property owners besides Beazer or the	
13 neighborhood. I think you can see how everyon	e
14 how very much everyone here wants to make the	
15 cleanup the best possible by both incorporation	g the
16 concerns we have. And I hope our concerns that	t are
17 raised tonight will be incorporated and also	
18 staying on track to begin the work plan as soc	n as
19 is practical. Thank you for listening.	
20 KIM POPEJOY: My name is Kim Popejoy. I	' m
21 president of Protect Gainesville Citizens. On	the
22 25th, we had an open meeting that was designed	to
23 allow people to formulate questions, which hav	е
been submitted to the EPA and will also be	
25 submitted to DOJ. I just want to focus on fou	r of

1	them that are particularly addressed to the
2	attorney of DOJ and the EPA. And since we rarely
3	get to the opportunity to speak with you guys, I
4	would like to give you the opportunity to have this
5	mike back and answer these very specific questions
6	that citizens ask.
7	One of them is what kind of release will
8	Beazer be allowed to require from homeowners
9	granting access for remediation. There is concern
10	about whether or not what is the level of rights
11	post-remediation that a citizen is going to give up
12	by granting access.
13	The second question is why has EPA not
14	brought Beazer's parent companies into the consent
15	decree. And the third question is, is it true that
16	the statute of limitations for the City filing suit
17	against Koppers expires on March 1st, 2013?
18	So the three questions one of the what
19	kind of release, the parent companies, and the
20	statute of limitations.
21	MS. PHILSON: Did you not say you had four?
22	KIM POPEJOY: The fourth one is more
23	budgetary.
24	MS. SMOUT: Okay. We're not asking there
25	is not going to be any release that we're going to

1	be requiring anyone to give to Beazers. That's
2	not is that
3	MR. MILLER: It means access.
4	MS. SMOUT: I mean, yeah, let me clarify.
5	Let me make sure I understand your question. I
6	understood your question to mean some type of legal
7	release such that they couldn't go after Beazer if
8	they got their property cleaned up, isn't that the
9	nature of your question? Okay.
10	The only thing we're asking for is access.
11	We're asking for access. And people we're
12	asking for people to give Beazer access so that
13	his their contactors can come on and clean up
14	the site. So in terms of a release of, you know,
15	legal rights, the only thing we're asking for is
16	the right to have access to get on the property.
17	We're not asking for any other type of release.
18	And what was your second question?
19	KIM POPEJOY: Parent companies.
20	MS. SMOUT: Parent companies. Okay. I
21	haven't looked at this for a while. As I
22	understand it, Beazer East is the owner of the
23	property. And they have the sufficient
24	typically, the only time that would be an issue
25	maybe, is if there was an inability to pay or

1	something like that. But they, you know, keep in
2	mind now, I realize that they're the mean, horrible
3	big corporation. I get that. Okay. I understand
4	that. But keep in mind that that big, mean
5	horrible corporation is the only entity that has
6	cleaned up this site so far and has agreed to clean
7	it all up in this consent decree. So, you know, we
8	don't have reason to include the parent. They are
9	the owner of the property. They are liable under
10	certain laws, Section 107(a)1. And so that's why
11	we didn't include them in terms of I'm going to
12	hind the mike over to Caroline.
13	MS. PHILSON: Actually, there is if you
14	look in the performance guarantee section of the
15	consent decree, there actually is a reference to
16	Hanson LE when we talk about how they will actually
17	guarantee the funds, which at this time we're
18	putting in approximately not approximately,
19	we're putting it written into the consent decree
20	it's 55 million dollars.
21	Not only is Beazer responsible for that, but
22	in the section where they talk about how they will
23	make good on that promise because you just can't
24	say, sure, we'll pay you. You have to put up some
25	money you have to put up some earnest money or some

1	bond or some kind of enforceable financial document
2	to that. There is a reference to their parent
3	company, Hanson, LE, within that section of the
4	consent decree.
5	KIM POPEJOY: The third question that the
6	MS. SMOUT: The statute of limitations for
7	claims that would be brought by the City? That
8	would not be something I would be privy to unless
9	they chose to tell me that information. I'm not
10	sure why I would know that.
11	KIM POPEJOY: The question is what are the
12	triggers the statute of limitations for filing suit
13	against Koppers in this particular
14	MS. SMOUT: You're talking vis-a-vis the
15	Federal Government or vis-a-vis the City.
16	KIM POPEJOY: I was talking about going to
17	either State or Federal court and filing suit. And
18	the question that the citizens brought forward was
19	that there was an understanding that there was a
20	statute of limitations of four years that was
21	triggered by the closing of the plant. So do you
22	know anything about a statute of limitations or any
23	triggers for that statute of limitations?
24	MS. SMOUT: I don't know about it vis-a-vis
25	claims with the City, which is I think what

1	you're talking about here. I mean, it's not an
2	issue, vis-a-vis, the Federal Government because we
3	settled with them. In terms of the City, I don't
4	have any knowledge of that.
5	KIM POPEJOY: And since you did give me the
6	fourth one back, I'm actually going to change it.
7	What I want to do here is just encapsulate what
8	you've probably heard more than any other single
9	statement, which is the concern about loss of
10	economic value. So the question I want to pose is
11	how will DOJ and the consent decree insure that
12	homeowners will, in their remediation zone, will be
13	made economically whole? That's why we call you
14	the Department of Justice.
15	MS. SMOUT: Wow, I wish I had that power.
16	That would be so awesome. I would love to have
17	that power. Unfortunately, I only have the
18	power actually, I don't have any of the power,
19	it's EPA. EPA delegated the power to the
20	Department of Justice. The only power we have is
21	power that's given to us by statute. And the only
22	statute that we have that's applicable to this
23	situation is Superfund. The only authority we have
24	under Superfund is to go and clean up the site.
25	I there is no provision. I wish I had that

- 1 provision. I wish we could offer that provision
- 2 and enforce that provision. That's simply not what
- 3 Congress has given us the authority to do. So, I
- 4 guess, write your congressman.
- 5 I'll give it to you. Are you coming back?
- 6 Some people haven't had a chance --
- 7 MS. PHILSON: If you have a comment, we've
- 8 hired the court reporter through 8:00. Julia, I
- 9 apologize for imposing on you. We're just going to
- 10 take people in line if you absolutely have to have
- 11 a comment.
- MS. SMOUT: But he's already spoken once and
- 13 none of these people haven't spoken at all.
- MS. PHILSON: If you wouldn't mind, sir, just
- 15 yielding the mike to --
- 16 GABRIEL HILLEL: I would like to ask two
- 17 questions then I'll stop.
- MS. PHILSON: If you have a comment, please
- 19 get in line. We're going to take the people in
- 20 line. If you have a comment, get in line now
- 21 because when these are done, we're going to wrap up
- 22 here. Thank you.
- MS. SMOUT: Please move forward. Please be
- 24 quick. Other people haven't had an opportunity.
- 25 GABRIEL HILLEL: Gabriel Hillel, first

1	question is there anything in the consent decree
2	that would allow for compensation to families to
3	move out. That's the first question. The second
4	issue is who were the attorneys who represent these
5	folks in developing the consent decree. By that I
6	mean, there were attorneys that have been
7	representing the City that I will tell you that
8	99 percent of the people in this room are aware of
9	their presence.
10	MR. ROTHSTEIN: Hello, I'm Paul Rothstein, I
11	am one of the co-league counsel in the class action
12	litigation against Beazer, Koppers and these other
13	entities.
14	And one question that I have is, what would
15	be the arrangement to have EPA have another one of
16	these formats? One, given the fact that we heard
17	from the initial speaker that he was unable to
18	access the documents. This format seems to be
19	constructive that just filing written comments,
20	there is not feedback. So if another one of these
21	meetings could be had with enough time for people
22	in the community to review these documents, it can
23	be possibly much more productive for information to
24	the community members.
25	So my first question is, what would be the

1	process to have the EPA have another public meeting
2	so residents could actually look at the documents
3	and ask questions? That's one question.
4	MS. PHILSON: We the public comment period
5	opened on the 13th or 14th of February. The public
6	comment belongs to the Department of Justice. It
7	runs 30 days. I have to tell you, we did our
8	letter best to have this meeting tonight. Because
9	as you may be aware, there is a sequester coming
10	unless Congress gets its act together. We
11	literally have to be home tomorrow because we won't
12	have travel funds as of the first.
13	So at this time, I'm afraid we cannot promise
14	you anything because, actually, we're facing
15	furloughs ourselves. And our ability to plan out
16	of office travel one, this meeting is not
17	required. We wanted to have this meeting because
18	we wanted to give the people in this community the
19	opportunity it's not a requirement of the
20	statute or of DOJ. It's something the EPA wanted
21	to do because we think it's part of our public
22	participation in being involved and active in this
23	community and coming and hearing your concerns.
24	As I said before, this is not the only
25	opportunity to comment. The public comment period

1	is open through the 15th. You can email us, you
2	can write us, you can make your comments on the
3	record here this evening. But at this time,
4	unfortunately, just because of our Government
5	situation, I'm just not in any position to promise
6	that we're be able to come back because we really
7	don't know what the next two weeks, three weeks,
8	four weeks holds as far as our ability to have any
9	travel anywhere.
10	And I really am just being frank with you
11	about the situation involving your Government. We
12	all got emails last night about how many furlough
13	days we're going to be required to take. It would
14	be dishonest for me to say to you, sure, we'll set
15	up another meeting, we'll come back next week. I'm
16	simply in no position to guarantee that that's
17	possible simply not at this time.
18	MR. ROTHSTEIN: My next question if it's
19	unlikely we're going to have a subsequent meeting,
20	when this matter goes in front of the judge and
21	I expect that it would be Judge Mickle that will
22	have returned to the bench at that point will
23	the citizens and residents of this community be
24	allowed to make comments to the Judge, or is that
25	hearing going to be just attended to by the
1	

1	responsible parties and the EPA?
2	MS. PHILSON: That I don't know. Because,
3	one, there has been no hearing called for, and,
4	two, if there is a hearing, then it will be called
5	by the judge. So, again, your comments have an
6	effect. If that's something you want to see
7	happen, you're entirely within your rights to ask
8	for that. But we don't have any control over
9	whether there is a hearing or not or whether
10	With very limited exception, hearings the
11	Federal District Court are not closed. You can't
12	take your cell phone you can't take your weapon.
13	But if there's a hearing in Federal District Court,
14	that's America's business. The courthouses are
15	open to the public.
16	MR. ROTHSTEIN: And with this type of consent
17	decree, is it typical for the for a hearing to
18	take place, or is it typical in the District Court
19	on a consent decree for just the Court to review
20	the papers without an open hearing?
21	MS. SMOUT: This is the most atypical case
22	that I've had in 25 years and I was on the Love
23	Canal. So I can't answer that. All I can tell you
24	is that you can request a hearing and, you know, we
25	want won't object to a hearing. We will attend the

1	hearing. We what I'm required to do, okay, is
2	to receive all of your comments, to review all of
3	your comments, to respond to them in the form of a
4	brief that I file with the Court.
5	And the Court sue sponte, I don't know if you
6	know this, but there has been cases where the Court
7	itself has wanted a hearing based on the review of
8	the comments. So the Court could ask for the
9	hearing, the public could ask for a hearing. You
10	know, so there's various avenues as was mentioned
11	by Caroline. You're not cut off. This isn't a
12	Star Chamber. This is completely public court,
13	public hearing, Federal court. So it's something
14	that you would need to include in your comments.
15	But this is a very atypical case, so I don't know.
16	MR. ROTHSTEIN: My last comment, I had spoken
17	with Scott Miller earlier and he had indicated that
18	he would provide to me tomorrow the date that the
19	wood treatment facility at Koppers stopped
20	operating. I was just confirming that for the
21	public record, that that would be okay.
22	MR. MILLER: I want to restate that and say
23	that I'm going to provide it to my counsel who is
24	going to provide it to you.
25	MS. PHILSON: We're traveling tomorrow. I'll

1	be back in the office on Friday. I don't want you
2	to think that I didn't do it because I don't do it
3	tomorrow.
4	MS. SMOUT: We need to focus on the decree,
5	so please go ahead.
6	PAT KLEIN: Pat Klein, I'm the technical
7	adviser I don't want to be on the camera. All
8	right. All right. I'll go on camera technical
9	adviser for the community group. Typically, what
10	we do are review documents and we look at the
11	circle process and consistency and things like
12	that.
13	For this consent decree I did review it from
14	the standpoint of standard language I also reviewed
15	it for the statement of work and the rod being
16	consistent with what was there before. The rod has
17	been two years ago. It was one that we didn't
18	agree with everything in it and you've heard those
19	comments. It was approved by the State and other,
20	you know, headquarters and things like that.
21	There are conceptual things in the record of
22	decision that are kind of broad, and there is a lot
23	of diverse opinions and concerns about a whole
24	series of questions that are not going to be
25	resolved until we start seeing remedial design

1	documents.
2	For example, on the offsite remediation, we
3	have a performance standard. You have to address
4	properties that are above the Florida standard.
5	That is a stringent standard at all the sites we've
6	worked at, you know, it would be a criteria that
7	would be used. It's consistent with what we would
8	do at other places and more stringent than many
9	other places.
10	But the devil is in the details in terms of
11	is there sufficient sampling. Is it sufficient
12	depth, did we get it you know, did we do it
13	correctly, implement it correctly. It's going to
14	be a really stressful period for people as this
15	goes on what can woo do during this process. Until
16	we go through these documents I'm really hoping
17	we get to see the documents as we go through.
18	The same is true on the on site. I think
19	there are things that could improve that aren't
20	necessarily changing the big picture, but actually
21	would help us do a better job, maybe facilitate
22	some of the concerns that we're raising, that
23	Robert was raising and things on site.
24	We have to review the data and GRU and
25	others. If we don't trust this ISGS, it's the

pilot test and the data we have to see it's right
and there has to a contingency plan. Conceptually
we get that, but we have to see the data. It's a
question of ongoing things.
I've been in this business for decades and
the other people in the group. I've never seen a
comment period, a public meeting associated with a
consent decree. So I find this to be really
unusual. Even in terms of the kinds of comments we
make. My biggest concern right now is if we can
work through some of these other issues considering
the other comments, it's been two years where there
have been some things going on on site, but we have
to get that consent decree signed so that we can
actually get the documents that have the meat that
we can actually continue the debate and get the
remediation going as soon as possible.
GINA HAWKINS: Hi, I'm Gina Hawkins, and I
just have a quick question and that is if you can
remind us of the date that this site was entered as
a Superfund site, when it made the priority list.
And, also, just give us your professional opinion
of when you expect that the plan, as it stated
right now, would actually be complete to the point
where just further monitoring would be done.

1	MS. PHILSON: Thank you. I can speak to the
2	first part of that. This site went onto the
3	national priorities list in 1983. When it will be
4	completed, that's just conjecture. I just can't
5	say. Obviously, you have to have a consent decree
6	in place in order to start remedial design in order
7	to take the remedial action. How long the actual
8	cleanup is anticipated to take, Scott, do you have
9	a ballpark? Will we start offsite first and then
10	work or is the work simultaneous?
11	MR. MILLER: Well, it's dependent on the
12	consent decree being entered.
13	MS. PHILSON: Standard lawyer answer, it
14	depends, coming from a technical expert.
15	MR. MILLER: Sorry. Well, as Caroline
16	mentioned, it does depend on when the consent
17	decree is entered. We expect that, assuming all
18	things going well, that off site remediation will
19	begin towards the end of 2013 or the beginning of
20	2014, followed by the on site piece over time. We
21	expect that at this point the entirety could be
22	done within five years.
23	MARTHA MILLER: I'm Martha Miller, and we
24	are I all right.
25	MS. SMOUT: Could you repeat your name,

1	Martha? Martha Miller. Well, how will let's
2	see. How will this information that we're giving
3	you tonight be presented to the judge? Is it going
4	to be condensed, or is it going to get everything
5	we say is what I was told to ask and stuff.
6	Okay. Yeah, just to repeat what we mentioned
7	a little bit earlier, by regulation, I'm required
8	to, and indeed am glad, to attach to the brief and
9	support of the motion to enter if that's what we
10	decide to do. I attach everything that we receive.
11	And so since this is a public meeting that's
12	verbal, we'll be attaching a copy of the
13	transcribed discussions and questions we've had
14	tonight.
15	We'll also include every single document I
16	get, written comment from you guys, emails,
17	whatever I receive from the public will be attached
18	to the brief that I file and will be addressed in
19	the brief that I file. Does that answer your
20	question?
21	MARTHA MILLER: I think so, yes.
22	MS. SMOUT: Thanks.
23	MARK VENSKE: My name is Mark Venske.
24	Earlier tonight, ma'am, you offered to divulge to
25	us your email address. Could you do that at this

1	point?
2	MS. SMOUT: It's I'll say it then I'll
3	spell it. It's C-H-E-R-Y-L dot S-M-O-U-T at
4	U-S-D-O-J dot G-O-V. So it's C-H-E-R-Y-L, dot,
5	S-M-O-U-T c-H-E-R-Y-L, dot, S-M-O-U-T, at
6	U-S-D-O-J, dot, G-O-V. Thanks. C-H-E-R-Y-L, dot,
7	S, M as in Mike, O-U-T, at, little at sign,
8	U-S-D-O-J, Department of Justice, dot, G-O-V. Are
9	those all the comments? We've one more?
10	FRED MURRAY: Hi, my name Fred Murray, I'm
11	the assistant City Manager for the City of
12	Gainesville. I just want to put it on the record
13	the City intends to submit written comments to the
14	Department of Justice and to the U.S. EPA.
15	MS. SMOUT: Okay. I think this concludes our
16	meeting.
17	MS. PHILSON: Again, I just want to thank you
18	for your time and passion and attendance and
19	participating with us. Again, the public comment
20	period is not closed. You have until the 15th.
21	Please get your comments in to us, we read them
22	all. Thank you.
23	(Thereupon, the meeting was adjourned at
24	8:17 p.m.)
25	

	Tubble Mediang on 02.27.2020
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4	CERTIFICATE WITH ACKNOWLEDGMENT
5	
6	
7	STATE OF FLORIDA )
8	COUNTY OF ALACHUA )
9	
10	
11	I, Julia E. Griffin, a Shorthand Reporter, certify
12	that I was authorized to and did
13	stenographically report the foregoing meeting
14	and that the transcript is a true record.
15	Dated this 1st day of March, 2013.
16	Julia C Guffie
17	Julia E. Griffin
18	Court Reporter
19	
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